

UNITIL ENERGY SYSTEMS, INC.

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
LINDA S. MCNAMARA

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission

Docket No.: DE 16-668

July 12~~June 16~~, 2016

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LIST OF SCHEDULES

Schedule LSM-1: Stranded Cost Charge

Schedule LSM-2: External Delivery Charge

Schedule LSM-3: Redline Tariffs

Schedule LSM-4: Bill Impacts

1 **I. INTRODUCTION**

2 **Q. Please state your name and business address.**

3 A. My name is Linda S. McNamara. My business address is 6 Liberty Lane West,
4 Hampton, New Hampshire 03842.

5

6 **Q. For whom do you work and in what capacity?**

7 A. I am a Senior Regulatory Analyst at Unitil Service Corp. ("USC"), which
8 provides centralized management and administrative services to all Unitil
9 Corporation's affiliates including Unitil Energy Systems, Inc. ("UES").

10

11 **Q. Please describe your business and educational background.**

12 A. In 1994 I graduated *cum laude* from the University of New Hampshire with a
13 Bachelor of Science Degree in Mathematics. Since joining USC in June 1994, I
14 have been responsible for the preparation of various regulatory filings, price
15 analysis, and tariff changes.

16

17 **Q. Have you previously testified before the New Hampshire Public Utilities
18 Commission ("Commission")?**

19 A. Yes.

20

21 **II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY**

22 **Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?**

1 A. The purpose of my testimony is to present and explain the proposed changes
2 to UES's Stranded Cost Charge ("SCC") and External Delivery Charge
3 ("EDC"), effective August 1, 2016.

4
5 My testimony will focus on the reconciliation and rate development for the
6 SCC and EDC. I will explain the rate development for these mechanisms,
7 review the actual and estimated data included in each rate, describe the
8 proposed tariff revisions, and provide bill impacts for each class. Ms. Lisa
9 Glover is sponsoring testimony which addresses the costs associated with each
10 of these charges.

11

12 **III. STRANDED COST CHARGE**

13 Q. What is the SCC?

14 A. The SCC is the mechanism by which UES recovers UPC's stranded costs
15 from retail customers. UPC's stranded costs are billed to UES in the form of
16 Contract Release Payments through the Amended System Agreement.

17

18 Q. What is UES's proposed SCC?

19 A. As shown on Schedule LSM-1, Page 1, UES is proposing a SCC of
20 (\$0.00018)/kWh, or (0.018¢)/kWh, for its Residential, Regular General
21 Service kWh meter, General Service Quick Recovery Water Heating, Space
22 Heating, and Controlled Off Peak Water Heating, and Outdoor Lighting

1 classes, (\$0.00004)/kWh, or (0.004¢)/kWh, and (\$0.04)/kW for its Regular
2 General Service G2 class, and (\$0.00005)/kWh, or (0.005¢)/kWh and
3 (\$0.05)/kVa for its Large General Service G1 class. The rates are proposed to
4 become effective August 1, 2016.

5

6 Q. How is the SCC calculated?

7 A. Schedule LSM-1, Page 1 provides the calculation for the SCC for all classes.

8 The rate is calculated in accordance with UES's tariff, Schedule SCC. The
9 class SCC obligations are calculated first based on a uniform per kWh charge,
10 and then applied to each class based on an appropriate rate design. In addition
11 to the energy based SCC, the Regular General Service G2 class and Large
12 General Service G1 class also incur a demand based SCC. For these classes,
13 UES used the ratio of demand and energy revenue under current rates to
14 develop the demand and energy components of the SCC for effect August 1,
15 2016, similar to the method used in last year's filing.

16

17 Q. How was the uniform per kWh rate for determining class SCC obligations
18 calculated?

19 A. The uniform SCC is calculated by dividing the prior period (over)/under
20 recovery as of July 31, 2016, plus the forecast of costs for the period August
21 2016 through July 2017, plus interest for the same period, by calendar month
22 kWh sales for August 2016 through July 2017. This uniform rate is applied

1 equally to all customer classes other than G2 and G1. This calculation is
2 provided on Schedule LSM-1, Page 1.

3
4 Q. How does the proposed SCC compare to the rate currently in effect?

5 A. The uniform rate is decreasing by (\$0.00036) per kWh. The decrease is due to
6 a change in the prior period balance and a decrease in forecasted period costs.

7
8 Q. Have you provided a reconciliation of costs and revenues in the SCC?

9 A. Schedule LSM-1, Page 2, provides the reconciliation of costs and revenues for
10 the two prior periods, August 2014 through July 2015 and August 2015
11 through July 2016, while Page 3 provides the reconciliation for the forecast
12 rate period, August 2016 through July 2017. Actual data is provided for
13 August 2014 through April 2016 and estimated data is provided for the
14 remaining months. This schedule summarizes the costs and revenues
15 associated with stranded costs and provides the computation of interest, which
16 is calculated based on average monthly balances using the prime rate, as
17 described in the tariff.

18
19 Q. Have you provided detail on the monthly revenues shown on Pages 2 and 3 of
20 Schedule LSM-1?

21 A. Yes, revenue detail is shown on Schedule LSM-1, Page 4 for the period
22 August 2014 through July 2015, August 2015 through July 2016, and August

1 2016 through July 2017. Actual data is included for August 2014 through
2 April 2016 and the remaining months are forecast.

3

4 Q. Do the proposed rates include an adjustment to recover costs associated with
5 the customer billing adjustment in DE 11-105?

6 A. No, they do not. Recovery of those costs was completed in July 2015, and
7 therefore this billing adjustment is no longer a component of rates. Schedule
8 LSM-1, Page 6 has been included to show the final \$0 balance of this
9 adjustment.

10

11 **IV. EXTERNAL DELIVERY CHARGE**

12 Q. What is the EDC?

13 A. The EDC is the mechanism by which UES recovers the costs it incurs
14 associated with providing transmission services outside UES's system and
15 other costs for energy and transmission related services. For costs incurred
16 after May 1, 2006, the costs included in the EDC exclude Default Service
17 related external administrative charges, which have been moved for collection
18 through the DSC, per the Settlement Agreement in DE 05-064 dated August
19 11, 2005, and approved by the Commission in Order No. 24,511 on
20 September 9, 2005. Beginning May 1, 2011, as approved in DE 10-055, UES
21 also recovers working capital associated with Other Flow-Through Operating
22 Expenses and the Non-Distribution Portion of the annual NHPUC assessment

1 and as part of the EDC. Effective July 1, 2014, in accordance with RSA 363-
2 A:6, the Non-Distribution Portion of the annual NHPUC assessment is
3 modified to recover charges/credits in excess of the total NHPUC Assessment,
4 less amounts charged to base distribution and Default Service.

5
6 In addition, the EDC includes the over- or under-collection from the
7 Company's Vegetation Management Program ("VMP") and Reliability
8 Enhancement Program ("REP") for calendar years 2013, 2014 and 2015 in
9 accordance with Order No. 25,656 in DE 14-063, and the rebate of excess
10 Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative ("RGGI") auction proceeds applicable to
11 all retail electric customers in accordance with Order No. 25,664 in DE 14-
12 048.

13
14 Q. What is UES's proposed EDC?

15 A. Schedule LSM-2, Page 1, provides the proposed EDC of
16 \$0.02144~~\$0.02036~~/kWh, or 2.1442.036~~¢~~/kWh, applicable to all classes. This
17 charge is proposed to become effective August 1, 2016.

18
19 Q. How is the EDC calculated?

20 A. The EDC is calculated by summing the prior period (over)/under recovery as
21 of July 31, 2016, plus the estimated EDC costs and associated interest for the

1 period August 2016 through July 2017. The total is divided by estimated
2 calendar month kWh sales for the period August 2016 through July 2017.

3
4 Q. How does the proposed EDC compare to the rate currently in effect?

5 A. The rate has indecreased by \$0.00013(~~\$0.00095~~), or 0.013¢(~~0.095¢~~), per kWh.
6 This decrease is primarily due to a change in the prior period balance. This
7 increase is primarily due to an increase in forecasted period costs.

8
9 Q. Have you provided a reconciliation of costs and revenues in the EDC?

10 A. Schedule LSM-2 provides the reconciliation of EDC costs and revenues. Page
11 2 provides the reconciliation for the two prior periods, August 2014 through
12 July 2015 and August 2015 through July 2016. As noted, June~~May~~ 2016
13 includes the VMP/REP reconciliation balance of (\$462,218) as provided in
14 DE 16-276.

15
16 Page 3 of Schedule LSM-2 provides the reconciliation for the forecast rate
17 period, August 2016 through July 2017. Interest is computed on average
18 monthly balances using the prime rate, as described in the tariff. These pages
19 reflect actual data for the period August 2014 through May~~April~~ 2016 and
20 estimated data for the remainder of the period. Detail on monthly revenue is
21 shown on Schedule LSM-2, Pages 4 and 5.

22

1 Q. Has UES included information with its EDC regarding the customer billing
2 adjustment approved in DE 11-105?

3 A. Yes. Similar to the SCC, UES was allowed to recover the EDC portion of the
4 customer billing adjustment in its EDC. Details of this adjustment, showing
5 the expiration of these costs at the end of July 2015, are provided on Schedule
6 LSM-2, Page 7. This billing adjustment is no longer a component of rates.

7

8 **V. TARIFF CHANGES AND BILL IMPACTS**

9 Q. Has UES included tariff changes to reflect the proposed rate changes for effect
10 August 1, 2016?

11 A. Schedule LSM-3, Page 1 and 2 are redline tariffs of the SCC and EDC.
12 Please note that these pages are essentially the same as provided in Page 1 of
13 Schedules LSM-1 and 2. The proposed SCC and EDC are both incorporated
14 into revised tariff Pages 4 and 5, Summary of Delivery Service Rates and
15 Page 6, Summary of Low-Income Electric Assistance Program Discounts
16 which are provided on pages 3, 4, and 5, respectively, of Schedule LSM-3.

17

18 Q. Have you included any bill impacts as a result of proposed rate changes
19 effective August 1, 2016?

20 A. Yes, rate changes and bill impacts as a result of changes to the SCC and EDC
21 have been provided in Schedule LSM-4. Pages 1 through 3 provide a table
22 comparing the existing rates to the proposed rates for all the rate classes.

1 These pages also show the impact on a typical bill for each class in order to
2 identify the effect of each rate component on a typical bill.

3
4 Page 4 shows bill impacts to the residential class based on the mean and median
5 use. Page 4 is provided in a format similar to Pages 1 through 3.

6
7 Page 5 provides the overall average class bill impact as well as the impact
8 associated with both filings. As shown, for customers on Default Service, the
9 residential class average bill will decrease about (0.29%). General Service
10 (G2) average bills will decrease about (0.21-0%). Large General Service (G1)
11 average bills will decrease about (0.31-5%). Outdoor lighting average bills
12 will decrease about (0.15%).

13
14 Pages 6 through 11 of Schedule LSM-4 provide typical bill impacts for all
15 classes for a range of usage levels.

16

17 **VI. CONCLUSION**

18 Q. Does that conclude your testimony?

19 A. Yes, it does.